APPENDIX D - ACGME Website Information

Institutional Requirements Addition of General Competencies

(Downloaded information from the ACGME website):

At its February 1999 meeting, the ACGME endorsed general competencies for residents in the areas of:

- Patient Care
- Medical Knowledge
- Practice-based Learning and Improvement
- Interpersonal and Communication Skills
- Professionalism
- Systems-based Practice



ACGME General Competencies

The residency program must require its residents to develop the competencies in the 6 areas below to the level expected of a new practitioner. Toward this end, programs must define the specific knowledge,

skills, and attitudes required and provide educational experiences as needed in order for their residents to demonstrate the competencies.

Patient Care

Residents must be able to provide patient care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. Residents are expected to:

- Communicate effectively and demonstrate caring and respectful behaviors when interacting with patients and their families
- Gather essential and accurate information about their patients
- Make informed decisions about diagnostic and therapeutic interventions based on patient information and preferences, up-to-date scientific evidence, and clinical judgment
- Develop and carry out patient management plans
- Counsel and educate patients and their families
- Use information technology to support patient care decisions and patient education
- Perform competently all medical and invasive procedures considered essential for the area of practice
- Provide health care services aimed at preventing health problems or maintaining health
- Work with health care professionals, including those from other disciplines, to provide
- patient-focused care

Medical Knowledge

Residents must demonstrate knowledge about established and evolving biomedical, clinical, and cognate (e.g., epidemiological and social-behavioral) sciences and the application of this knowledge to patient care. Residents are expected to:

- Demonstrate an investigatory and analytic thinking approach to clinical situations
- Know and apply the basic and clinically supportive sciences which are appropriate to their discipline

Practice-based Learning and Improvement

Residents must be able to investigate and evaluate their patient care practices, appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and improve their patient car practices. Residents are expected to:

- Analyze practice experience and perform practice-based improvement activities using a systematic methodology
- Locate, appraise, and assimilate evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems
- Obtain and use information about their own population of patients and the larger population from which their patients are drawn
- Apply knowledge of study designs and statistical methods to the appraisal of clinical studies and other information on diagnostic and therapeutic effectiveness
- Use information technology to manage information, access on-line medical information; and support their own education
- Facilitate the learning of students and other health care professionals

Interpersonal and Communication Skills

Residents must be able to demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in effective

information exchange and teaming with patients, their patients families, and professional associates. Residents are expected to:

- Create and sustain a therapeutic and ethically sound relationship with patients
- Use effective listening skills and elicit and provide information using effective nonverbal, explanatory, questioning and writing skills
- Work effectively with others as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group

Professionalism

Residents must demonstrate a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities, adherence to

ethical principles, and sensitivity to a diverse patient population. Residents are expected to:

- demonstrate respect, compassion, and integrity; a responsiveness to the needs of patients and society that supersedes self-interest; accountability to patients, society, and the profession; and a commitment to excellence and on-going professional development
- demonstrate a commitment to ethical principles pertaining to provision or withholding of clinical care, confidentiality of patient information, informed consent, and business practices
- demonstrate sensitivity and responsiveness to patients' culture, age, gender, and disabilities

Systems-based Practice

Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of

health care and the ability to effectively call on system resources to provide care that is of optimal value. Residents are expected to:

- understand how their patient care and other professional practices affect other health care professionals, the health care organization, and the larger society and how these elements of the system affect their own practice
- know how types of medical practice and delivery systems differ from one another, including methods of controlling health care costs and allocating resources]
- practice cost-effective health care and resource allocation that does not compromise quality of care
- advocate for quality patient care and assist patients in dealing with system complexities
- know how to partner with health care managers and health care providers to assess, coordinate, and improve health care and know how these activities can affect system performance

ACGME Next Accreditation System (NAS)

- NAS moves the ACGME from an episodic "biopsy" model (in which compliance is assessed every 4 to 5 years for most programs) to annual data collection.
- Each review committee will perform an annual evaluation of trends in key performance measurements and will extend the period between scheduled accreditation visits to 10 years.
- In addition to the milestones, other data elements for annual surveillance include the ACGME resident and faculty surveys and operative and case-log data.
- The NAS will eliminate the program information form, which is currently prepared before a site visit to describe compliance with the requirements.
- Programs will conduct a self-study before the 10-year site visit, similar to what is done by
 other educational accreditors. It is envisioned that these self-studies will go beyond a static
 description of a program by offering opportunities for meaningful discussion of what is
 important to stakeholders and showcasing of achievements in key program elements and
 learning outcomes.
- Ongoing data collection and trend analysis will base accreditation in part on the educational outcomes of programs while enhancing ongoing oversight to ensure that programs meet standards for high-quality education and a safe and effective learning environment.
- Programs that demonstrate high-quality outcomes will be freed to innovate by relaxingdetailed process standards that specify elements of residents' formal learning experiences (e.g., hours of lectures and bedside teaching), leaving them free to innovate in these areas while continuing to offer guidance to new programs and those that do not achieve good educational outcomes.
- The Educational Milestones, a key element of the NAS is the measurement and reporting of outcomes through the educational milestones, which is a natural progression of the work on the six competencies.
- Programs in the NAS will submit composite milestone data on their residents every 6 months, synchronized with residents' semiannual evaluations.